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HUGHES DEFINES PLATFORM UPON WHICH HE RUNS

(Continued from Page One)

devoted to justice, asking nothing but that to which we are entitled, yet firm in our self respect, alert, conscious of our dignity, able and disposed to protect the rights of our citizens."

Charles E. Hughes today defined to audiences in Indiana the platform on which he is running as follows:

"Let us be true Americans, serving the welfare of the entire people, conserving the American honor, conserving American prosperity, building up the opportunities of labor and counting no sacrifice too great."

"We do not do things by rule of armies and strategy, but by the rule of reason in a community fair-minded and intent on justice."

"That is my platform, fellow citizens. If you want my services, take me on that basis."

Mr. Hughes faced the fourth audience of the day here. He had spoken previously at Columbus, Bedford and Washington to many who had come miles to hear him. They applauded him frequently. At Columbus and Washington he faced hecklers, the first one saying that he was "an admirer."

This man interrupted Mr. Hughes' address to ask whether the nominee, if elected, would favor or oppose placing an embargo on munition shipments.

Mr. Hughes replied: "The nominee addressed that thought it very important that America should 'vindicate neutral rights and maintain the integrity of international law' and that it was 'a very thoughtful policy that would surrender any of these important rights because of any sentimental administration.'"

"When these crises arise," Mr. Hughes continued, "we are trustees, really guardians of our future. We may ourselves—though Heaven forbid—be involved in difficulties when these rights are of the most important kind. We should have the right to buy. We must maintain the right to buy. In the absence of a merchant marine such as we should have, we have the need of utilizing the facilities of travel and we must protect American citizens in every right with respect to life, property and commerce, as to all nations."

While Mr. Hughes was speaking at Washington a man shouted: "What about the Danbury haters' case?"

The nominee outlined the history of the case, reciting that it first came before the supreme court for determination as to whether the plaintiff "had made out a case according to his own statement of it." At that time Mr. Hughes was not a member of the court. It was pointed out, although he was a member when the case came up the second time.

"The questions of fact were not before the court," Mr. Hughes said. "They were decided by the jury in the trial court. The only question before the supreme court was whether the trial judge had committed any error."

COUNTRY'S GREATER RESOURCES UNDER NEW RESERVE ACT

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Growth of the country's banking resources since passage of the federal reserve act is put at six and one-half billion dollars, in a statement issued today by the comptroller of the treasury. The record is declared to be without a parallel. The figures cover the period from July 1913, a few months before the act was passed, to July, 1916, including nearly all of the first two years of the European war.

"This stupendous increase in assets and available capital," says the statement, "has been accompanied by an unprecedented quickening, which has resulted in many cases to an outburst of business activity in every state and in practically every part of that state. Coincidentally there has been a marked reduction in interest charges."

In New England the three years' increase has been 21 per cent; in the eastern states 22; in the south 12; in the middle states 22, and in the west 31. Deposits since the reserve act went into force have made an unprecedented jump also. Their total increase is put at six and a quarter billion dollars, or 31 per cent, nearly as great as the resource increase. In New England it was 23 per cent; in the east 38; in the south 18; in the middle states 26; in the west 37, and in the Pacific states 19.

Banks and trust companies are lending three and a quarter billion dollars more than they were three years ago, the statement says.

Emphasis is laid upon a distinct and growing tendency towards decentralization and distribution of excessive reserves heretofore piled up in eastern cities. This has been especially true

during the last few months. In the four and one-half months from May 1 to September 12, of this year, deposits in New York city decreased nearly a quarter of a billion dollars, increasing heavily meanwhile in country banks.

Outside of New England and the eastern states the following states show a notable resource increase in three years:

Illinois \$263,000,000, or 20 per cent; Ohio \$317,000,000, or 22 per cent; California \$247,000,000, or 30 per cent; Michigan \$221,000,000, or 27 per cent; Minnesota \$198,000,000, or 40 per cent; Missouri \$116,000,000, or 14 per cent; Iowa \$107,000,000, or 17 per cent; Wisconsin \$88,000,000, or 21 per cent; Nebraska \$78,000,000, or 28 per cent; Indiana \$69,000,000, or 13 per cent; Oklahoma \$68,000,000, or 41 per cent; Kansas \$66,000,000, or 24 per cent; Texas \$66,000,000, or 12 per cent; Virginia \$572,000,000, or 21 per cent; North Dakota \$47,000,000, or 42 per cent; Colorado \$42,000,000, or 23 per cent; South Dakota and Montana \$37,000,000, or 33 per cent each.

The total resource increase in the south was \$362,000,000; middle states \$1,481,000,000; western states \$395,000,000; Pacific states \$227,000,000; insular possessions \$40,000,000.

Among the New England states Massachusetts was first with \$420,000,000, or 22 per cent, followed by Connecticut with \$117,000,000, or 23 per cent; Rhode Island \$38,000,000, or 14 per cent.

In the eastern states, New York state's increase was \$2,646,000,000, or 41 per cent; Pennsylvania \$1,467,000,000, or 17 per cent; New Jersey \$130,000,000, or 17 per cent; Maryland \$65,000,000, or 17 per cent.

In stating the law to the jury, "Whether the men who were defendants in that case knew with respect to the actual transaction which was going on, whether they had given authority to do the things that were done, whether they had participated in the action that was taken, whether they had sufficient to charge them with knowledge of what was done, these matters were all submitted to the jury who found a verdict in favor of the plaintiff."

"These facts were found as questions of fact by the jury. The court of which I was a member, reviewing the record, could not find any error made by the trial judge in submitting the cases to the jury and hence the judgment of the jury as expressed in its verdict was affirmed. That is a statement of the facts which simply represents how a judge of our high court endeavored to do his duty according to the law of the land."

"One thing needed in this country," Mr. Hughes added, "was to conserve a regard for the fundamental principles of our institutions."

After outlining what he regarded as those principles and asserting "the rule of force," Mr. Hughes said: "Change your laws if you find them bad; perfect your institutions if you want to improve them; proceed according to the rule of reason, but don't wreck the finest country God ever saw or gave."

The crowd which welcomed Mr. Hughes, apparently stimulated him to unusual exertion at times. At Bedford he spoke from a platform on the court house steps against a stiff wind that dimmed the sound of his voice.

"I want to express the very deep gratification I feel in witnessing this great demonstration in the old state of Indiana," he told the crowd. "It means but one thing; it can mean but one thing; and that is that we are marching straight to a glorious victory on the seventh of November."

Mr. Hughes told his Washington audience he wanted to see "America at peace," but that he did not want to be president of a country that did not have the old spirit of '76 and '61.

"I would not want to be president of a country that thought more of dollars than of human lives," he added.

The nominee devoted much of his speeches to the protective tariff.

When this war is over," he told his Washington audience, "the nations of the earth, alert and keen and highly organized, again will turn to production and seek naturally, our markets. One of two things must happen. Either American labor must work for less wages, or American labor must be protected by suitable tariff adjustments. I stand for the protection of American industries."

The Adamson law also was discussed.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 31.—The funeral of Mrs. Mary A. S. Fairbanks, mother of Charles Warren Fairbanks, vice president of the republican party, will be held Thursday afternoon at Springfield, O. Mrs. Fairbanks' old home. The pallbearers will be chosen from old friends of the family in that city. Mr. Fairbanks arrived home this afternoon from Rockford, Ill., where he was campaigning when he received word of his mother's death. Among the first of hundreds of condolences received today was that of Charles Evans Hughes from Columbus, Ind.

Mr. Fairbanks announced tonight that he had cancelled all campaign speaking dates. Other speakers have been engaged to fill his Indiana schedule, which called for thirty addresses this week.

GOETHALS ADVOCATES CHANGE AT PANAMA

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—Changes in the system of tolls for the use of the Panama canal were proposed by General George W. Goethals, former governor of the canal zone, in an address tonight before the Traffic Club of New York. While tolls are based at present on the net registered tonnage of vessels, he said he believed they should be based upon their earning capacity of ships.

Under the system now in vogue General Goethals declared American shipping is paying a heavier tax than British. He explained that British ship owners have rigged their vessels so that they can carry considerable deck loads which are not included in the net registered tonnage.

RUSSIANS TO HAVE OWN BLACKLIST

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

PETROGRAD, Oct. 31.—(Via London).—A "blacklist" similar to the one in force in Great Britain and including the names of most of the foreign firms trading with enemies of Russia will soon be published by the ministry of trade and industry in accordance with a decision of the council of ministers which needs only the signature of the emperor to become a law.

The maximum penalty for infraction of this measure, will be one year and four months imprisonment or a fine of 25,000 rubles.

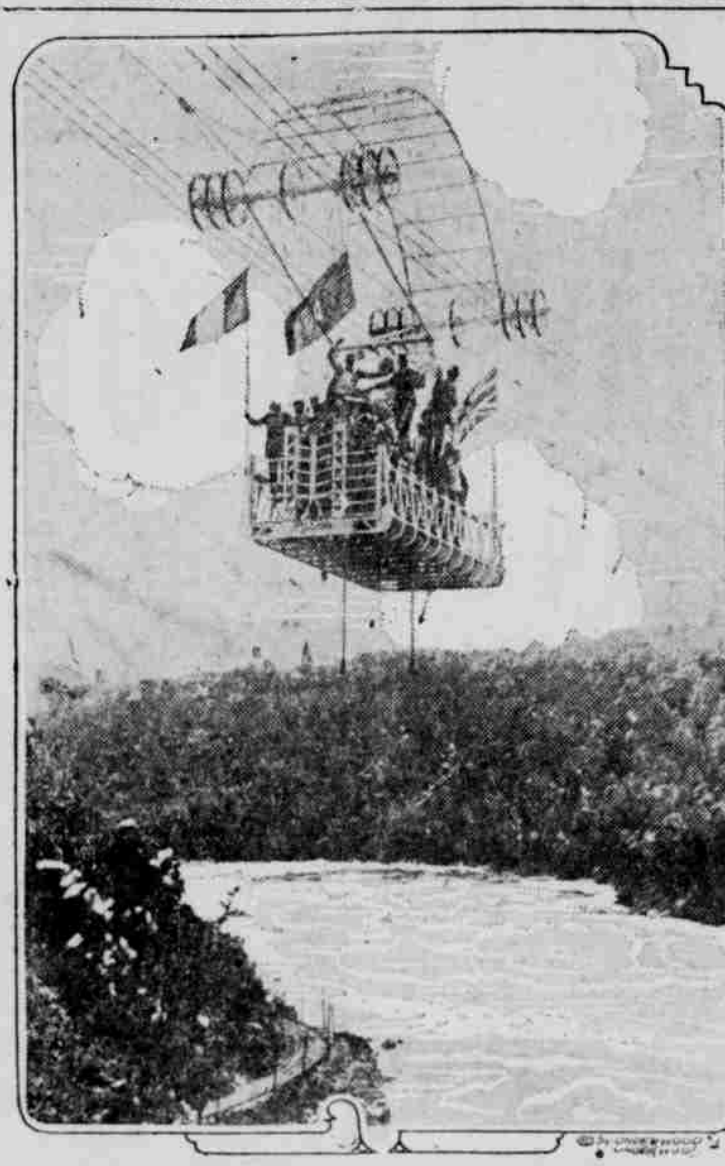
The new ruling, the Associated Press is informed by the foreign office, is aimed chiefly at firms masquerading as neutral, but essentially belonging to enemy countries.

SUB MAKES RICH HAUL

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

PARIS, Oct. 31.—A Lisbon dispatch says that a German submarine has sunk three Norwegian and British ships. Twenty-seven Norwegians and twenty-nine Italians have been landed at various ports. No further details are contained in the dispatch.

AERIAL FERRY GIVES TICKLISH RIDE OVER NIAGARA AND IT'S THE ONLY ONE



The Aerial ferry over Niagara Falls.

The Aerial ferry, and the greatest of the sort in the world, crosses the famous Whirlpool Rapids at Niagara. It not only gives an unusual and rare view of the falls and all about, but the ride itself is said to be thrilling. It was recently opened to the public for the first time.

CARRANZA QUIT PERSECUTION OF CATHOLICS

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Oct. 31.—To the evidence the Mexican commissioners are placing before the international joint commission to uphold their assertions that the Carranza government is growing in strength was added today, a long cablegram from the Mexican Catholic priests resident in Mexico who asserted that official persecution of the churches no longer is practiced. The presentation of the Carranza priests' statement and the formal resignation by Luis Calles, of the statement attributed to him at Washington marked today's session of the conference.

The last session of the commission before the national election will be held Thursday or Friday. The Mexican members have planned to hear President Wilson and Charles E. Hughes speak in New York and most of the attaches of the American commission will go to their homes to vote.

The date and place of the meetings after election will be determined tomorrow. The wish of a part of the commissioners to transfer the conference to Washington is not shared by all of them and it is possible it may be decided to reconvene in Atlantic City.

The message of the priests which the Mexicans placed before the American commissioners follows in part: "By the press of the United States and through other channels, we have been informed that the enemies of the Mexican government who are fighting against it at various points of the republic have been putting broadcast the most exaggerated versions regarding outrages alleged to have been committed by the government presided over by Venustiano Carranza against the clergy and the church. Our silence would make us accomplices of the persons who were interested in disseminating such falsehoods, which as such cannot benefit the clergy and the church."

"During 1914 we had to deplore quite a number of untoward incidents. But then the Mexican situation was truly critical and it is notorious that such deeds of violence were committed by undisciplined troops opposed to the revolution headed by Mr. Carranza, the depredators being Villistas and Zapatistas."

"At present it would not be possible to point out actual facts to warrant the assertions so freely bandied about. On the contrary, we are in a position to state that the civil as well as the military authorities of the federation or of the states have respected the clergy and the church, personally and as regards the institutions."

"It is true that recently the government has closed two churches in this city, due to pressing public needs, but this has been done without any violence whatsoever and pursuant to all the formalities provided in previous laws and after selecting churches situated in small districts wherein there are others opened to the cult."

"All of which leads us confidently to hope that within a short period, when the constitutional reorganization of the country will have been taken place, we shall all enjoy the blessings of peace and the respect and guarantee of all rights."

LAWYER ON TRIAL

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 31.—The trial of Charles C. Trafton, who shot and killed Harry S. Stokes in Stokes' office here last March, was begun here today. Trafton and Stokes, prominent lawyers, were opposing counsel in a suit by which the city sought to collect funds due the former city officials.

Trafton, according to a statement after the shooting, said he had gone to Stokes' office to ask him to retract a statement and that when he presented a written retraction for Stokes to sign, Stokes attacked him. He then shot in self defense, he said. There were no witnesses.

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IN THE REDEWILL MUSIC CO.'S CONTEST

LADIES' DRESSING TABLE

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ENTER NOW AND SECURE ONE OF THESE BEAUTIFUL REWARDS

The Judge made a splendid impression with his calm statements of facts and his exposure of the claims of the opposition could not have been more forcible.

Judge Baughn declared that it is the duty of the judiciary to come in close contact with the people and that it is the duty of every candidate for a judicial position to make a tour of the state and let the people see just who and what he is. This is to let them form their own estimate of his courage, honesty and strength of character.

Mr. McKenzie made another great hit with his plain talk and his evident sincerity. He won the respect of miners and mine owners in this district.

The Hughes-Roosevelt-Taft motion pictures were an attractive event on the program.

statement of the company today. The total operating revenue of the lines east was \$25,755,737, an increase of \$2,981,462, while the operating expenses were \$18,739,762, an increase of \$2,696,167.

For the twelve months ending September 30, the return on the property investment was seven per cent, as compared with 4.68 per cent, for the same period in the preceding twelve months.

EASTERN STAR CONVENTION

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 31.—Delegates attending the fifteenth triennial assembly of the general grand chapter of the Order of the Eastern Star which began here today, held a memorial service in honor of Mrs. Lata A. Mills, most worthy grand matron, and other members who died during the last three years.

About 1200 delegates went to Lexington, Ky., twenty-six miles from Louisville, on a pilgrimage to the grave of Robert Morris, founder of the order.

CREW BROUGHT TO PORT

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

FAIRMOUTH, England, Oct. 31.—The Dutch steamship Ryndam has brought to port the captain and twelve of the crew of the American tug vigilant, who were rescued at sea.

A previous wireless message, reporting the rescue of these men, said that three had remained aboard the tug, which proceeded on her voyage.

Important Announcement Made to Smokers

High Quality of San Felice Cigars Maintained. Now Sell at 5c Straight.

Owing to the greatly increased cost of quality tobacco, in fact every thing pertaining to high grade cigars, the makers of the San Felice cigar, The Deisel-Wemmer Company, have advanced the selling price to 5c.

Johns and Deniers and henceforth this cigar will positively be sold to the consumer at 5 cents straight instead of six for a quarter as previously.

The SAN FELICE is national in its scope and character, having justly attained this eminence through its unexcelled excellence. To maintain this unequalled standard of quality, the advance in question is absolutely unavoidable. The generous support of all men using quality cigars is earnestly desired.—(Adv.)

NOT MANY LIVES LOST IN "BATTLE OF SANDLOT," SOMEWHERE IN AMERICA



A little "Florence Nightingale" at work.

The "Battle of Sandlot" is the terrific engagement you have probably watched for a moment on your way home in the evening. It is being waged not in this town alone, but everywhere there are youngsters who have something of the spirit of war. They probably wouldn't care to go all the way to Europe after all. The wounded have the best of care from nurses as skilled as the soldiers are valorous.